Water Resources Management A Perspective from

Mt. Hood National Forest

Water Resources Management

A Perspective from People who care about Mt. Hood National Forest Why do Water Resources Matter ?



How are people connected to Forest? Mt. Hood National Forest



500,000 People Mt. Hood Meadows Ski Area 1,500,000 People Dispersed Recreation



Water does not exist in isolation... Mt. Hood National Forest





Strategic Stewardship Plan

Mt. Hood National Forest

June 22, 2006, PNW Regional Office

Mt. Hood National Forest



United States Department of Agriculture

Forest Service

Pacific Northwest Region

2006



Mt. Hood National Forest Strategic Stewardship Plan

Weaving Together the Environment, People and the Economy



Little Sandy River, Mt. Hood National Forest



Horsetail Falls, Mt. Hood National Forest

Mt. Hood National Forest Strategic Stewardship Plan

Three Guiding Principles

Ecosystem Restoration

Work actively to restore the forest's ecosystems, ecosystem processes, ecosystem functions, and recognize people as part of the ecosystem.

Citizen Stewardship

Engage people in stewardship of their National Forest and its natural resources.

Economic Sustainability

Secure economic sustainability of the Forest and natural resource management.

Stewardship Challenges

- Protect Communities from wildfire;
- Restore critical public and private lands stream habitat for the recovery of aquatic species;
- Manage for a healthy forest that sustainably provides goods and services for people;
- Work with public, private, and civic interests for sustainable regional recreation; and
- Assure relevance of public lands, goods, and services in an increasingly diverse society.

The logic of the Citizen Stewardship Plan is simple:





Aquatics Restoration Program

Mt. Hood National Forest



United States Department of Agriculture Forest Service

2008 Aquatic Restoration Program Mt. Hood National Forest

2008 AQUATICS PROGRAM Annual Report



2008 Aquatic Restoration Program Mt. Hood National Forest

Two Goals:

- . "Systematically and purposefully reduce the potential of adverse impact of roads to the aquatic system over time. Ensure that all roadrelated potential impacts are identified and project proposals to mitigate the impacts are developed within a five-year time period.
- 2. Develop an on-going portfolio of prioritized aquatic road restoration projects for road decommissioning, road closing, or for road improvement so that the Forest can put together competitive funding proposals both within and outside the agency."

Four Objectives:

2008 Aquatic Restoration Program Mt. Hood National Forest

- . Inventory all transportation system roads to determine the presence or absence of potential for adverse impact to aquatic function.
- 2. Actively involve citizens and land-owners, Tribes, and other stakeholders through collaborative dialogue and actions, and through active NEPA scoping.
- 3. Develop road-related aquatic restoration project proposals and make associated NEPA decisions if required.
- 4. Document road-related aquatic restoration project proposals and note any accompanying NEPA decisions in appropriate databases, including INFRA and FACTS.

Legacy Road Strategy:

2008 Aquatic Restoration Program Mt. Hood National Forest

- Inventory the transportation system. Evaluate the potential for negative impacts on aquatic ecosystem function. Identify treatments for roads that have potential for adverse impacts to aquatic resources.
- Involve citizens and land-owners, tribal governments, and other stakeholders in a collaborative dialogue.
- Develop site-specific, road-related aquatic restoration project proposals by watershed.
- Prioritize and implement treatments to maximize benefits based on available project funding.
- Monitor and evaluate effectiveness of restoration activities. Are we improving watershed condition and health?

Sandy River Basin Partners Mt. Hood National Forest

Sandy River Basin Partners

From its headwaters high on Mt. Hood to its delta just outside of the Portland metro area, Oregon's Sandy River is a regional treasure. Since 2000, the Sandy River Basin Partners have worked to coordinate efforts for the restoration and recovery of the river's wild salmon and steelhead.





The Partners Contact

The Basin History Projects Background Stream Information Monitoring

> Habitat Atlas Fish Land Water



Bull Run Watershed

Mt. Hood National Forest



between USDA FOREST SERVICE, MT. HOOD NATIONAL FOREST

and

PORTLAND WATER BUREAU

PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 95-200, Section 2(d)

JULY 2007





Bull Run Watershed

Mt. Hood National Forest



USDA FOREST SERVICE, MT. HOOD NATIONAL FOREST

AND

PORTLAND WATER BUREAU

REGARDING A NEW BULL RUN WATERSHED MANAGEMENT UNIT AGREEMENT

PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 95-200, Section 2(d)

JULY 2007



Clackamas Stewardship Partners Mt. Hood National Forest

Clackamas Stewardship Partners

Restoring the Watershed – Putting People to Work



Welcome to the Clackamas Stewardship Partners (CSP) Posted on December 23, 2010 by cspadmin

Mission Statement

Enhance ecosystem health and economic viability of local communities within the Clackamas River Basin. The Clackamas Stewardship Partners are committed to a collaborative process that employs stewardship contracting and other innovative tools to meet restoration goals.

Announcements

Upcoming Clackamas Stewardship Partners Monthly General Meeting: Tuesday — November 8th, 2011 — 2:00pm – 4:30pm Mount Scott Fire Station, 9339 S.E. Causey Avenue, Clackamas, OR 97086

Clackamas River Salmon and Steelhead: Click <u>here</u> to view the daily counts of salmon and steelhead migrating up the Clackamas River (courtesy of Portland General Electric).

Clackamas River Water Quality: Click <u>here</u> to view water quality data for the Clackamas River (courtesy of the United States Geological Survey and Clackamas River Water Providers).

National Watershed Condition Classification: Click <u>here</u> to access the national Watershed Condition Classification Interactive Map (courtesy of the United States Forest Service).

Questions? Please e-mail Nathan Poage, CSP Coordinator (poagesblackinc@gmail.com).

Posted in Uncategorized | Leave a comment

CSP Members' Websites

- Clackamas County
- Clackamas County Soil and Water Conservation District

Search

- Clackamas River Basin Council
- Clackamas River Water Providers
- Gifford Pinchot Task Force
- High Cascade
 Mount Hood National Forest
- Northwest Forest Conservancy
- Northwest Oregon RC&D Council
- Oregon Department of Fish and
- Wildlife
- Oregon Hunters Association
- Oregon Wild
- Pacific Rivers Council
 Portland State University
- Portianu state Onversity
- Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation (Northwest Region)

Other Resources

- Bark
- Columbia Land Trust
- Headwaters Economics
- Institute for Natural Resources
- ISE Ecosystem Workforce
- Program
- ISE Institute for a Sustainable Environment
- Metro
- Oregon Forest Resources Institute
- Oregon Solutions
- Pacific Bridge Construction
- PGE Clackamas River
- Pinchot Institute for Conservation
 Portland-Vancouver ULTRA
- Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation
- (National)
- Rural Voices for Conservation Coalition
- Sandy River Basin Watershed
- Council
- Sustainable Northwest
- The Intertwine
- The Nature Conservancy
- The Wetlands Conservancy

Photos
CSP Photos in Picasa

Fish Screens

Mt. Hood National Forest

⊠

Home About - Our Process - Projects News

Home > Projects > Farmer's Irrigation District Fish Screen

Farmer's Irrigation District Fish Screen

OREGON

SOLUTIONS

This project involved developing, prototyping, and utilizing fish-friendly screens for the irrigation district to help provide long-term sustainability for the orchard industry in Hood River.

The project was planned to be accomplished in three phases: field testing of the screens, development and implementation of a business strategy to generate revenue from screen production, and using proceeds from the screen development to enhance sustainable agricultural practices in the Hood River Valley.

Results

- The Farmers Irrigation District developed low approach velocity, horizontal screens with no moving parts. These systems greatly reduce operation and maintenance costs compared to conventional fish screening devices.
- A prototype of the first screen technology, currently called the "overshot screen", has demonstrated safe fish passage with no injuries. A full-scale installation of this screen has undergone testing on the Hood River.
- The second screen technology is an adaptation of the first and is currently called the "undershot screen". The undershot screen will be tested for fish protection and hydraulic integrity.

Additional Resources

Farmer's Irrigation District

Project Details

Statua: Completed Projects

Start Year: Designated in 2002 Region: <u>Portland Metro</u> Location: Hood River, OR Project Manager: Abby White Convenees: Holly Coccoli, Hood River Watershed Group

Search...

Project Files

Declaration of Cooperation

[view more]

Partners

Government

Bonneville Power Administration Confederate Tribes of Warm Springs Farmer's Irnigation District Hood River Waterahed Group Middle Fork Irrigation District NOAA Fisheries Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife Oregon Economic & Community Development Oregon Waterahed Enhancement Board OSU Extension Southern Oregon University US Fureau of Reclamation US Fah and Wildlife Services US Forest Service

Nonprofit Organizations

Mt. Hood Economic Alliance Small Business Development Center **Private**

Anderson and Perry Engineering Craven Consulting Group Northwest Riverworks Corporation Seaborn Engineering

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Print Page

Cascade Streamwatch at Wildwood Recreation Site

Getaways Close to Home > Cascade Streamwatch at Wildwood Recreation Site (OR)

Location

39 miles east of Portland, Oregon.

Description

Located along the Salmon Wild and Scenic River, Wildwood Recreation Site is a day-use area that is home to the Cascade Streamwatch and Wildwood Wetland Trails. These trails provide visitors with a unique opportunity to explore natural stream and wetland ecosystems along barrier-free interpretive trails and boardwalks. From the Cascade Streamwatch Trail, visitors can view young salmon and steelhead in a natural stream through an in-channel glass viewing structure. Wildwood offers family picnic units, group day-use shelters, playing fields, Salmon River access trails, and walking trails. The historic Barlow Road, which crosses Wildwood, is an Oregon Trail site, easily accessible from U.S. Highway 26.

Directions

From Portland, take Interstate 84 east to Exit 16, towards Wood Village. Turn right onto 238th Drive and follow it for approximately 4 miles. Turn left onto Burnside Street, which becomes U.S. Highway 26. Proceed east on U.S. Highway 26; the Wildwood Recreation Site is located on the south side of the highway, 1 mile west of the community of Welches.

Visitor Activities

Self-guided interpretive walks, picnicking, wildlife viewing, birdwatching, swimming, historic site, fishing, and hiking.

Special Features

The Cascade Streamwatch project, a collaborative effort among BLM, the U.S. Forest Service, and the non-profit Wolftree, Inc., has restored over 2 miles of fisheries habitat and developed facilities that offer visitors a chance to view and learn firsthand about anadromous fish in their natural habitat. The network of barrier-free trails is highlighted by creative sculptures, models, interpretive signing, and kiosks.

Permits, Fees, Limitations

Fees vary. Please contact BLM for more information.

Accessibility

Both the Cascade Streamwatch and Wildwood Wetland Trails are wheelchair-accessible, as are restrooms, paved trails, and picnic sites.

Camping and Lodging

There is no overnight camping on-site. There are several private overnight accommodations in nearby towns,including Welches (1 mile east), Government Camp (13 miles west), and Sandy (16 miles east).

Food and Supplies

Food and supplies are available inWelches.

First Aid

Emergency services are available in Gresham (28 miles northwest) or Portland.

Cascade Streamwatch at Wildwood Recreation Site





The developed facilities at Cascade Streamwatch include a unique underwater stream-viewing chamber along a restored side channel of the Salmon Wild and Scenic River. (BLM)

Cascade Stream Watch Mt. Hood National Forest